



HYPER ISLAND

Learning Journey **2023**

Unleash I - session
November 17th 2023

HYPER ISLAND



WELCOME TO TODAY'S SESSION

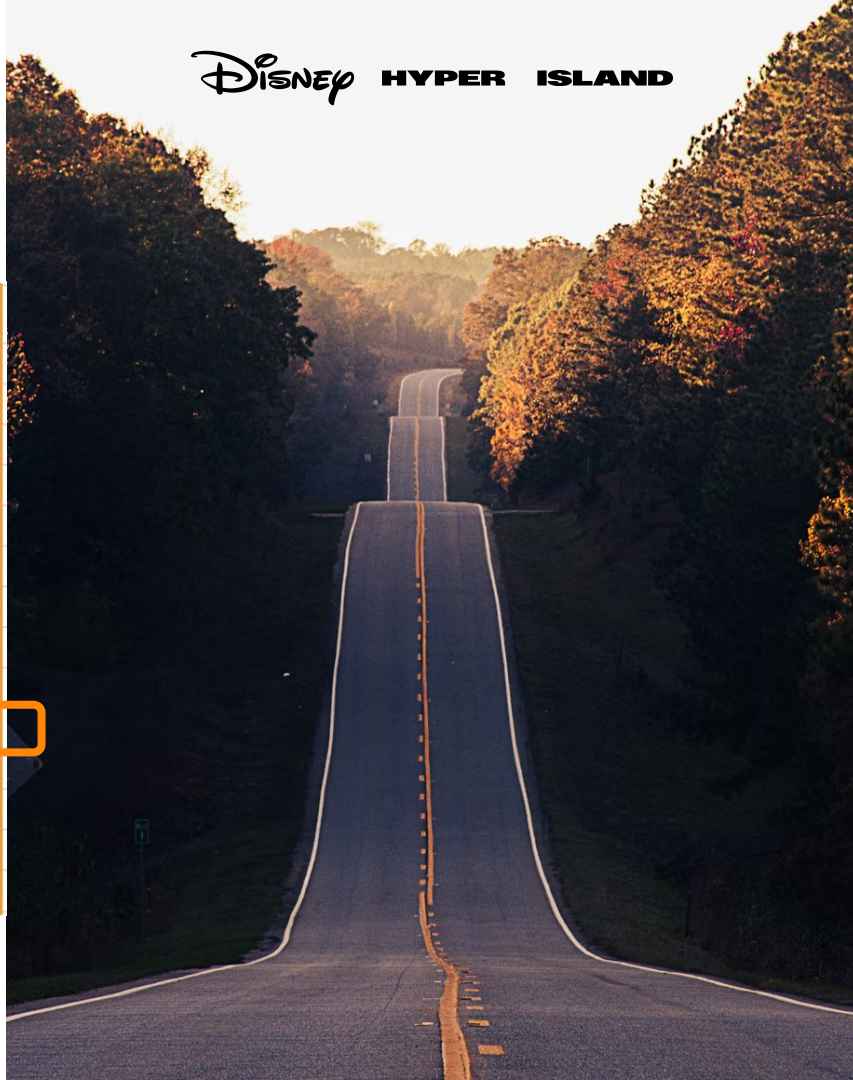


Stockholm — Karlskrona — New York — Manchester — London — Singapore — São Paulo

Our schedule

Session #		DAY	DATE	TIME (BR, ARG)	DURATION	Phase
1	✓	Tuesday	5th	11-13	2	Kickoff
2	✓	Tuesday	19th	11-13	3	Uncover
3	✓	Friday	29th	11-13	2	Uncover
4	✓	Monday	2nd	11-13	2	Uncover
5	✓	Monday	9th	11-13:30	2.5	Uncover final
6	✓	Friday	20th	11-13:30	2.5	Unlock
7	✓	Friday	27th	11-13	2	Unlock
	☐	Monday	6th Nov.	11-13	2	Unlock
9	☐	Friday	10th	11-13:30	3	Unlock
10	☐	Friday	17th	11-13	2	Unleash
11	☐	Friday	24th	11-13	2	Unleash
12	☐	Friday	1st Dec.	11-13	2	Unleash
13	☐	Friday	8th	11-14	3	Pitch
14	☐	Friday	15th	11-13	2	Retrospectiva

Disney HYPER ISLAND



UNCOVER

LEARNING TO EXPLORE THE PROBLEM SPACE, UNCOVERING OPPORTUNITIES

INNOVATION PRINCIPLES
INNOVATIVE TEAMS
IDENTIFYING OPPORTUNITIES
RESEARCH HACKS

KICK-OFF

5 SEPT.

WELCOME &
INTRO TO THE
PROGRAM

MASH UP
INNOVATION

2 hrs.

19 SEPT.

IDOARRT

STINKY FISH

INCLUSIVE
INNOVATION
FOR DISRUPTIVE
IDEAS

HIGH
PERFORMING
TEAMS

3 hrs.

29 SEPT.

PERSONALITY
PROFILING WITH
MBTI

DISCOVER YOUR
AREAS OF
GENIUS WITH 6
WORKING
GENIUS

2 hrs.

Oct. 2nd

FUTURES
MINDSET / PLAY
IN THE FUTURE

JOBS TO BE
DONE
ACTIVITY

2 hrs.

Oct. 9th

ACTIVE
LISTENING
ACTIVITY

CX TOOLS

PLANNING
RESEARCH

2.5 hrs.

Our journey

UNLOCK

IDENTIFYING CREATIVE SOLUTIONS

INSIGHT TO IDEAS
THINK OUT OF THE BOX
SOLUTION SPACE

Oct. 20th

NETWORKS

HOW MIGHT
WE
STATEMENTS

2.5 hrs.

Oct. 27th

HOW MIGHT
WE
STATEMENTS

CREATIVE
THINKING
MINDSET

2 hrs.

Nov. 10TH

INTRO TO
IDEATION &
IDEATION

SELECTION WITH
HOW-NOW-WOW

STORYBOARDING
WITH TOAST

3 hrs.

UNLEASH

SCALING & STORYTELLING

PRETOTYPING
AGILE INNOVATION
EXPLORING IMPACT
ETHICS AND CONSEQUENCES
STORIES AND INFLUENCE

Nov. 17TH

LOW FIDELITY
RAPID PRETOTYPE

BEHAVIOURAL
DESIGN FOR CX
PEAK MOMENTS

2 hrs.

IDOARRT

INTENTION

Understand and experience ideating for possible solutions for each of our HMWs and visually map them.

DESIRED
OUTCOMES

Arrive at a possible solutions for our HMWs by following a human centered ideation process and storyboard them.

AGENDA

Welcome, IDOARRT, recap, where we are today + checkin
HMW: regroup + present to Tim (excuse for them to revisit them
Intro to Ideation + ideation
Break
Select idea How Now Wow
Toast
Next steps + Checkout

TIME

3 hours including 10 min break

CHECK-IN

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A GREAT MEAL
AT HOME



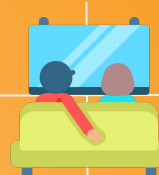
A GREAT MEAL
SOME PLACE
NICE



A GLASS OF
WINE



SOME CHEESE



A FILM/MOVIE
OR SERIES



A GOOD RUN



GET LOST IN A
BOOK



CHILL WITH
FRIENDS &
FAMILY



A DATE NIGHT



A MASSAGE



A SAUNA
SESSION



SEE THE
SUNSET




A COLD
BEER




GET
BOMBED

**PICK & CHOOSE 2 FOR
YOUR PREFERRED
FRIDAY
EVENING**

Behavioral Design

The image features a dark blue gradient background. In the foreground, the silhouettes of several people are visible, appearing to be in a group discussion or meeting. The silhouettes are dark against the lighter blue sky. The text 'Behavioral Design' is prominently displayed in the center in a bold, white, sans-serif font.

Behavioral Design

The background of the slide features silhouettes of several people in a meeting or collaborative setting. On the left, a person is seen in profile, looking down. On the right, another person is in profile, looking towards the center. In the foreground, the silhouettes of several other people are visible, some looking towards the center. The background is a gradient of dark blue to light blue, suggesting a sky or a bright light source behind the people.

**Behavioral CX Design is
a systematic approach
for applying behavioral insights
to solve design challenges
that center on human behavior.**

**ON AVERAGE HOW
MANY DECISIONS DO WE
TAKE EVERY DAY?**

Share your answer in the chat

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35,000



**HOW MANY BITS OF
INFORMATION DOES A
HUMAN BRAIN PROCESS
AT ANY ONE TIME?**

Share your answer in the chat

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11 MILLION

HOW MANY CAN WE PROCESS CONSCIOUSLY?

Share your answer in the chat

HYPER ISLAND

~50

HYPER ISLAND

A surreal, monochromatic image featuring a person's face emerging from a broken, layered cup. The cup is cracked and fragmented, with the person's face visible through the opening. The person's eyes are looking upwards, and their head is tilted back. The background is a soft, hazy landscape with rolling hills and a bright, glowing light source in the upper left corner. The overall mood is dreamlike and contemplative.

WE ARE 99.99999%
UNCONSCIOUS

A photograph of a yellow and black train stopped at a subway platform. The train has "St James" written in orange on its front and "4057" on its side. A large white banner with the text "MIND THE GAP" is overlaid across the middle of the image. The platform has a yellow safety line and several people are visible in the background.

MIND THE GAP

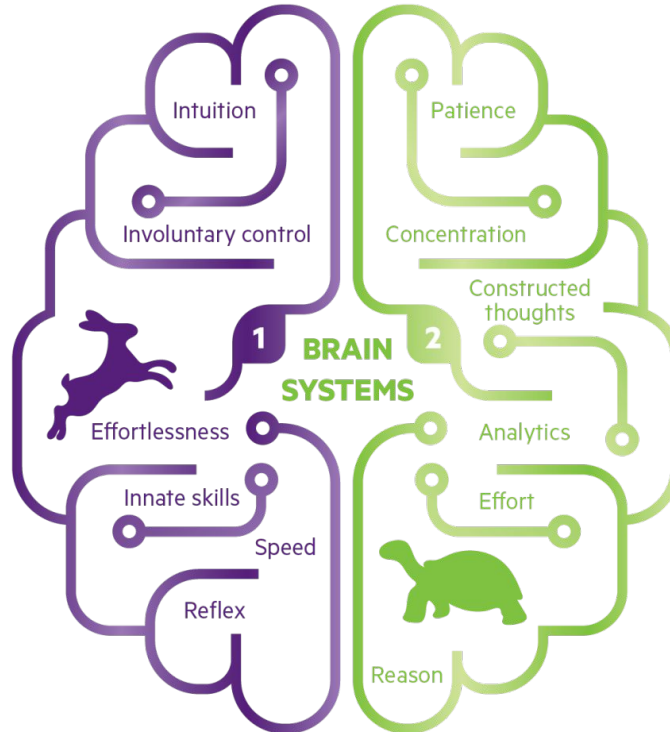
**Even the most basic everyday situations
are too complex for our brains
to compute all the necessary information.
Instead, we must simplify.**

"Thinking is to humans what swimming is to cats; they can do it, but they prefer not to do it."

Daniel Kahneman



We 'think' using 2 different 'systems'.



We 'think' using 2 different 'systems'

System 1

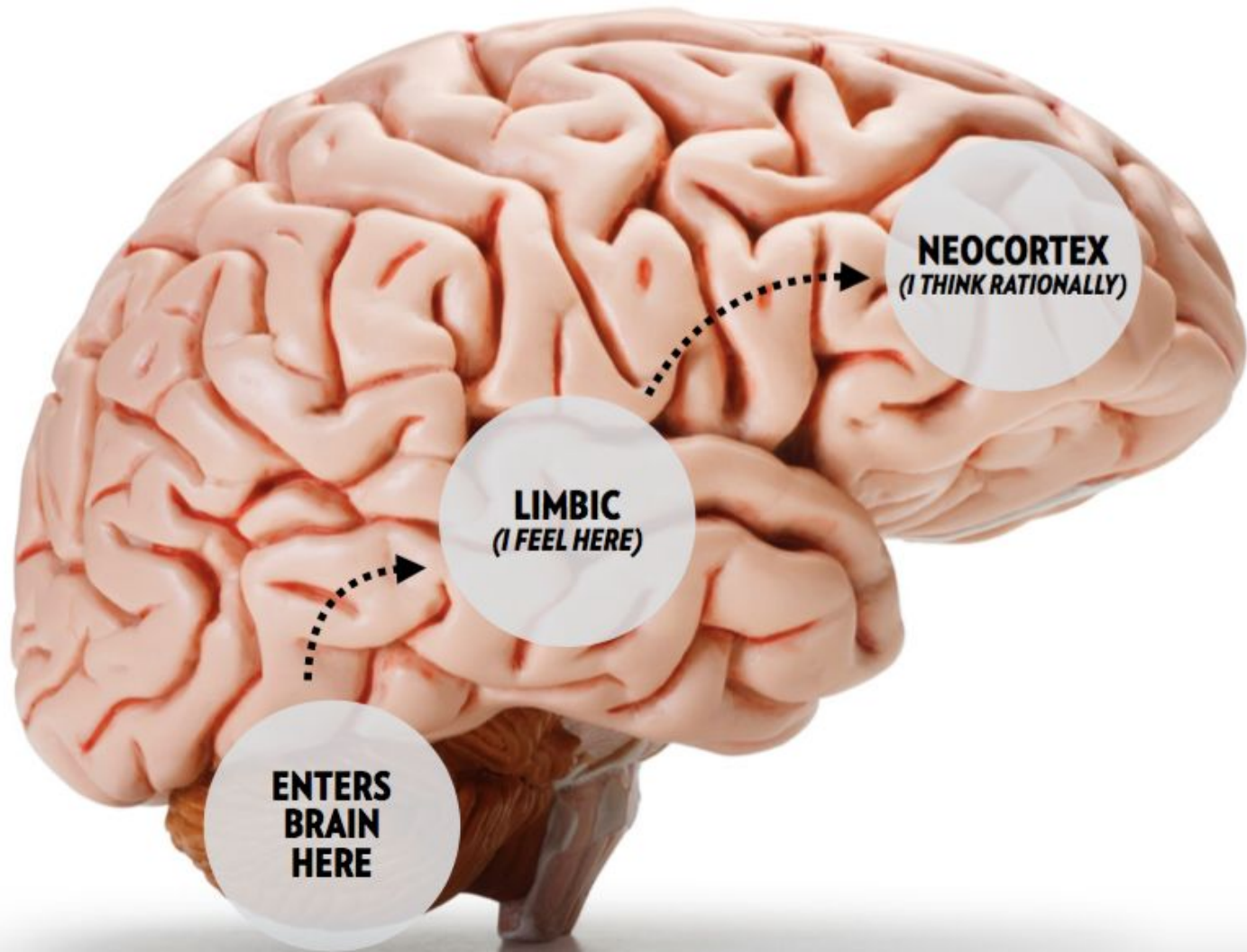
Automatic, intuitive, effortless and unconscious thinking mode.



System 2

Slow, controlled, and analytical method of thinking where reason dominates.





NEOCORTEX
(I THINK RATIONALLY)

LIMBIC
(I FEEL HERE)

**ENTERS
BRAIN
HERE**

**WE MAKE “GUT DECISIONS”
AND USE FACTS TO RETROACTIVELY
EXPLAIN OUR BEHAVIOR**



WHY DO WE HAVE BIASES?

WE'RE NOT BAD.

WE'RE HUMAN.

Cognitive bias

● Social ● Financial ● Failure to estimate ● Short-termism

When it comes to assessing risk, humans often fail to make rational decisions because our brains take mental shortcuts that prevent us making the correct choice. Since the 1960s behavioural scientists and psychologists have been researching these failings, and have identified and labelled dozens of them. Here are some that can cause havoc when it comes to assessing risks in business

ORIGIN

The notion of cognitive biases was first introduced by psychologists Amos Tversky and Daniel Kahneman in the early 1970s. Their research paper, 'Judgment Under Uncertainty: Heuristics and Biases', in the Science journal has provided the basis of almost all current theories of decision-making and heuristics. Professor Kahneman was awarded a Nobel Prize in 2002, after further developing the ideas and applying them to economics.

ANCHORING EFFECT

Relying too much on the initial piece of information offered when making decisions

"The first test seemed OK. Do we need to look any more?"

AVAILABILITY HEURISTIC

Overestimating the importance and likelihood of events given the greater availability of information

"I saw something very similar to this on LinkedIn. We need to take it seriously"

BANDWAGON EFFECT

Uptake of beliefs and ideas increases the more that they have already been adopted by others

"The whole department knows there's no problem here"

BELIEF BIAS

Basing the strength of an argument on the believability or plausibility of the conclusion

"I didn't quite follow your argument but the conclusion seems about right"

BLIND SPOT BIAS

Viewing oneself as less biased than others

"Let's ignore Sarah's views on this one. She's biased"

CLUSTERING ILLUSION

Erroneously overestimating the importance of small clusters or patterns in large data

"This is the second week in a row that this has happened. There must be a problem"

CONFIRMATION BIAS

Focusing on information that only confirms existing preconceptions

"We did loads of simulations. Most of them showed there's no problem"

COURTESY BIAS

Giving an opinion/conclusion that is viewed as more socially acceptable so as to avoid causing offence/controversy

"The last time we discussed this the meeting lasted for hours. Let's move on"

"The conveyor belt broke three times last month. It's pretty unlikely it'll happen again."

GAMBLER'S FALLACY

Believing that future probabilities are altered by past events when in fact they are unchanged

"Let's just get the deal done ASAP"

HYPERBOLIC DISCOUNTING

Preferring a smaller, sooner payoff over a larger, later reward

"This worked fine in the factory in the Korea. It should work fine here"

ILLUSION OF VALIDITY

Overestimating our ability to make accurate predictions, especially when data appears to tell a coherent "story"

"Looks like we've run out of time to discuss this"

OSTRICH EFFECT

Avoiding negative financial information by pretending it doesn't exist

"We made a good call on that one"

POST-PURCHASE RATIONALISATION

Tendency to retroactively ascribe positive attributes to an option one has selected

"Our competitors are only doing well because their products are cheap"

REACTIVE DEVALUATION

Devaluing an idea because it originated from an adversary or opponent

"Now we've got the new equipment we can cut the time spent on maintenance"

RISK COMPENSATION

Taking bigger risks when perceived safety increases; being more careful when perceived risks increase

"If it ain't broke - don't fix it"

STATUS QUO BIAS

Preferring the current state of affairs over change

A high-angle, slightly blurred photograph of a person walking away from the camera on a dirt path. The person is wearing a dark jacket and carrying a red bag. To the right of the path is a grassy area with a young tree and a paved walkway. In the background, there are more trees, a bench, and a set of stairs. The overall scene is a park or a well-maintained outdoor space.

Choice Architecture





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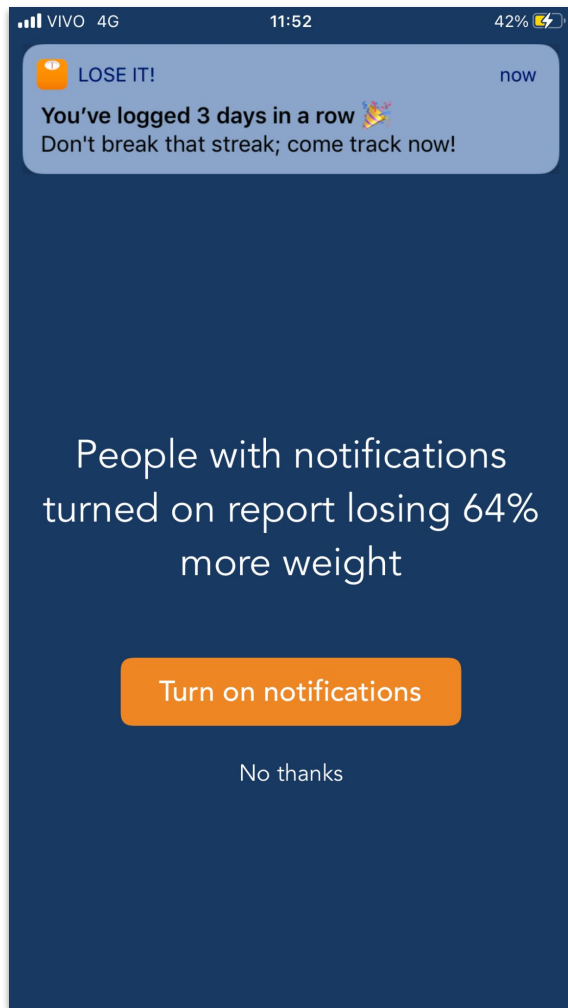
GLOBAL

Only God Can Stop Public Urination

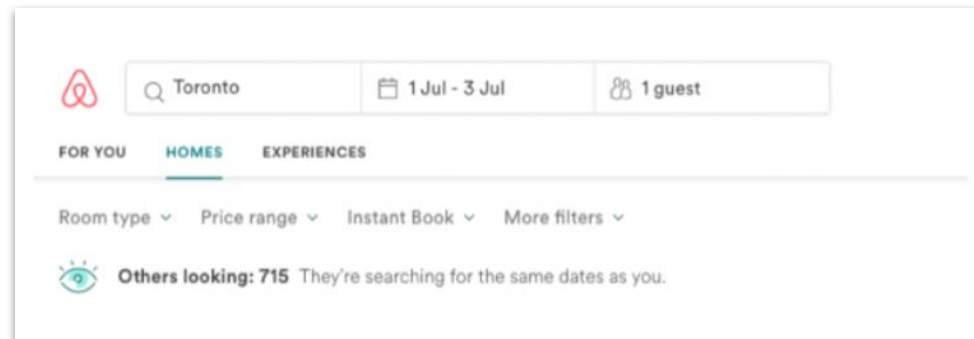
How ceramic tiles could keep Indians from treating the streets as a urinal

By Ranjani Iyer Mohanty

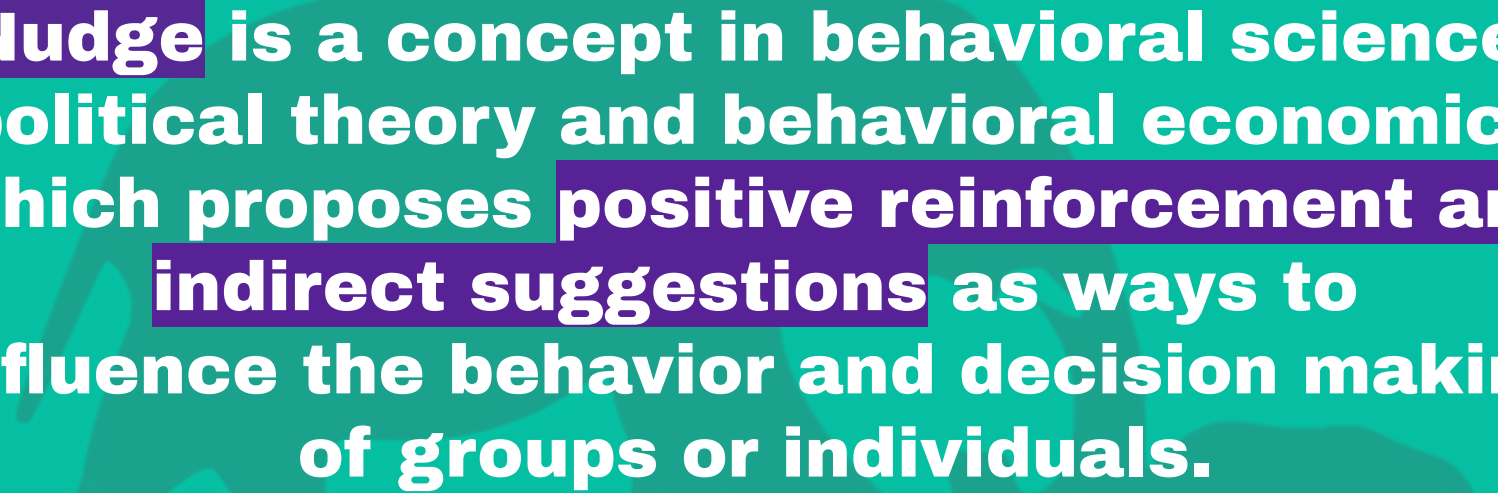




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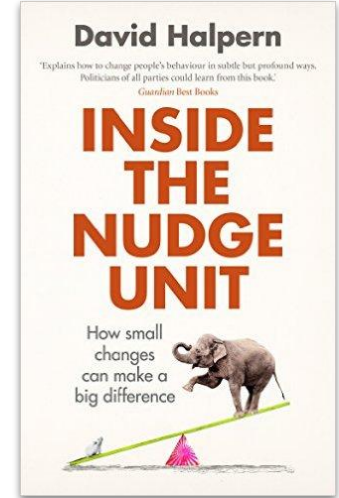
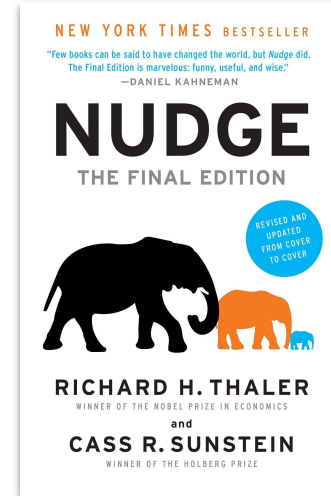
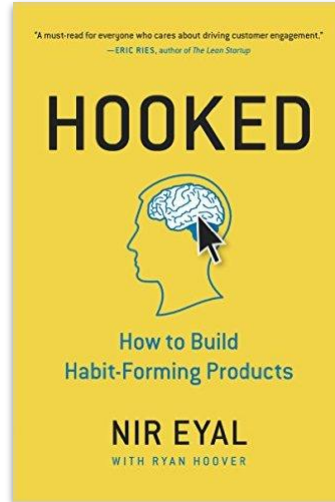
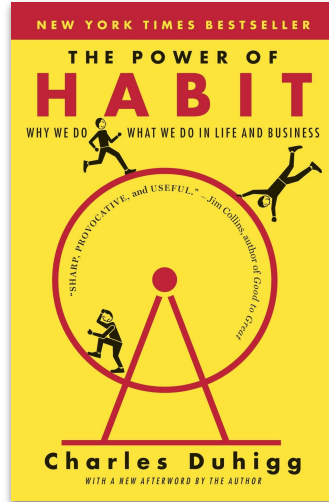
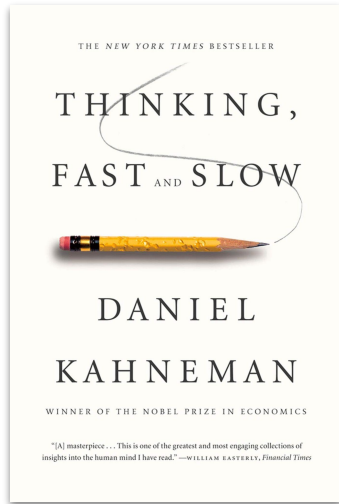


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Nudge is a concept in behavioral science, political theory and behavioral economics which proposes **positive reinforcement and indirect suggestions** as ways to influence the behavior and decision making of groups or individuals.

behavioral economics



behavioral psychology





SAVE MONEY



SAVE THE
PLANET



BE A GOOD
CITIZEN

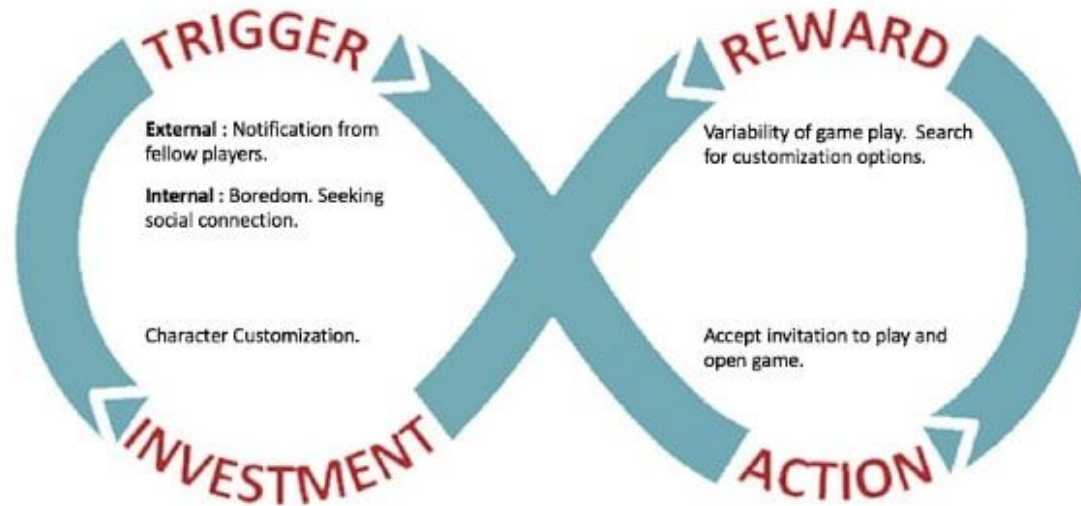
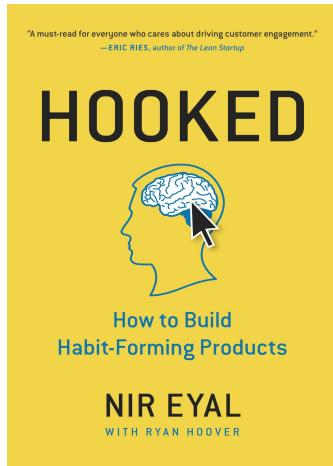


YOUR NEIGHBORS
ARE DOING BETTER

A man in a white shirt, light blue tie, and dark green jacket sits on a train, looking out the window with a thoughtful expression. A woman in a dark grey button-down shirt sits next to him, looking down at her smartphone. The train interior features yellow handrails and a patterned seat. The text "BEHIND BREXIT" is overlaid on the image.

BEHIND BREXIT

FORTNITE



EAST

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EASY

ATTRACTIVE

TIMELY

SOCIAL

**Make it
EASY**

Allowing people to 'go with the flow' by removing or reducing effort, steps, choices to make action simple and effortless

Endowment Effect
Status Quo Bias
Cognitive Overload

**Make it
ATTRACTIVE**

Presenting benefits in a way that maximizes perceived value. This includes increasing the salience of your offer

Availability Bias
Anchoring
Loss Aversion
Optimism Bias
Scarcity Led Bias

**Make it
SOCIAL**

Harnessing social / peer 'pressure' by showing desired behaviours are supported by others in a social group and encouraging shared commitments

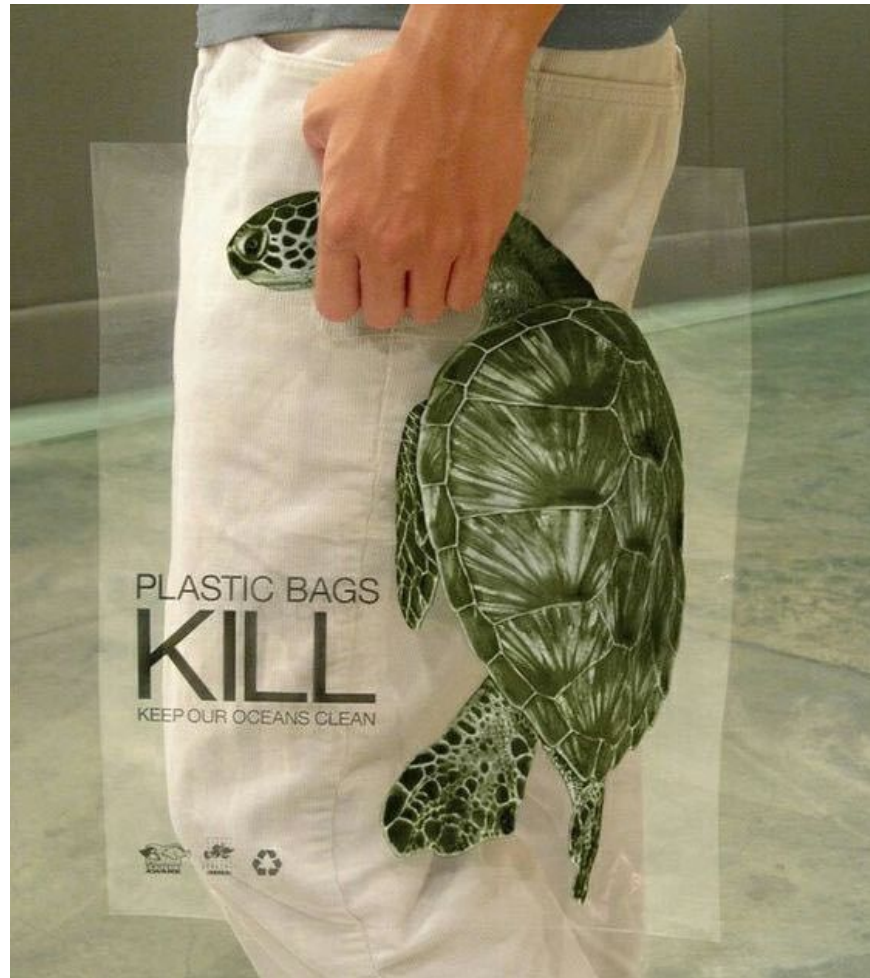
Confirmation Bias
Herding
Commitment Bias
Authority Bias

**Make it
TIMELY**

Prompting when people are likely to be most receptive and structuring/phasing benefits to make them more immediate

Present Bias
Hyperbolic Discounting
Duration Neglect
Hot/Cold States

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Peak-End Rule

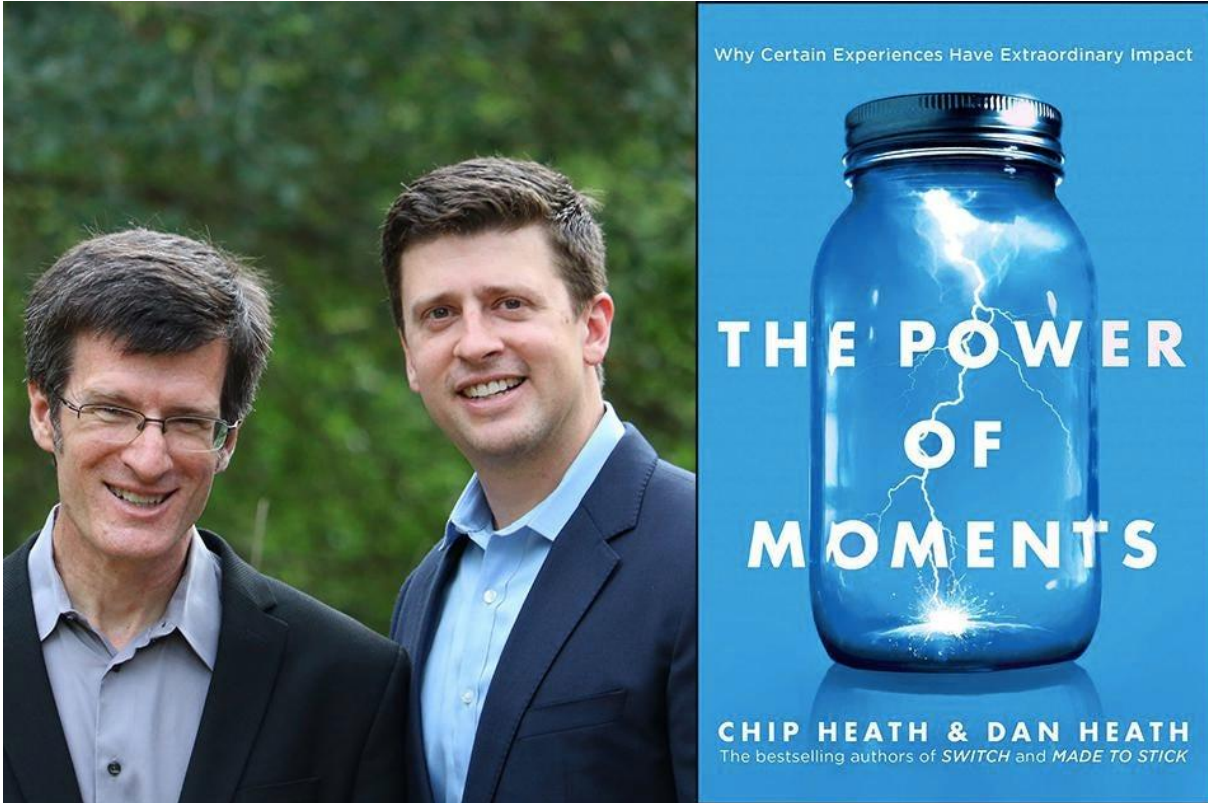
We judge our past experiences almost entirely by their peaks (pleasant and unpleasant) and how they ended.

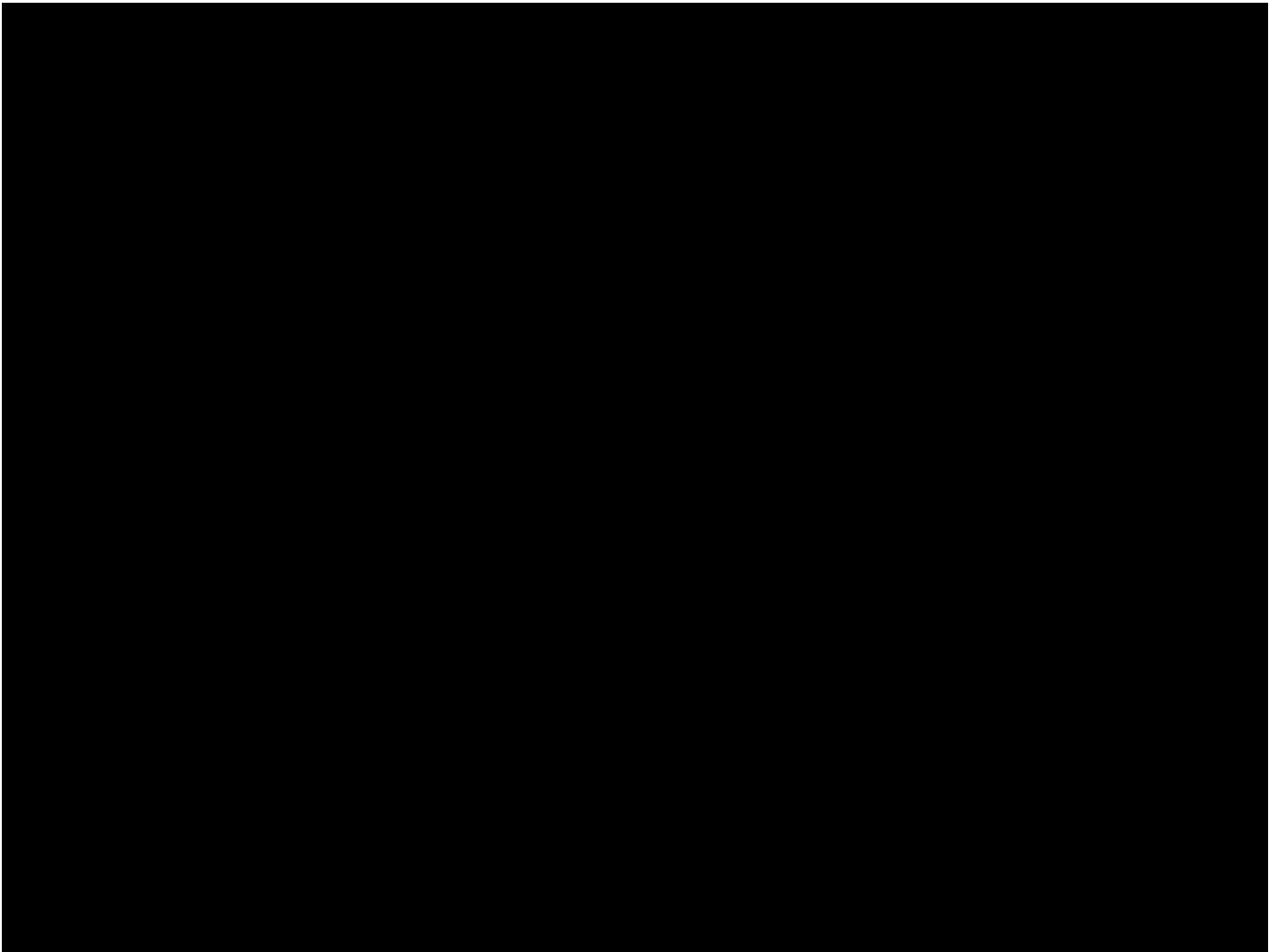
SEE ALSO:

Humor Effect, Delighters, Surprise, Story, Gifting

How might this apply to the Web?

What are the peaks and endings in the customer experience you've designed? Peaks may be the core value you provide or a small surprise thrown into the user journey. Endpoints can be obvious (order fulfillment from an e-commerce site) or more subtle (such as a friendly or funny registration confirmation page). Identify and improve these.





EPIC

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ELEVATION

PRIDE

CONNECTION

INSIGHT

2. Pride

Those moments will capture the people at their best, most likely in moments of conquest or courage.

- (1) Recognize others
- (2) Multiply milestones
- (3) Practice courage



3. Insight

Help people to understand something that may have escaped them before or that may inspire them to act.

(1) Tripping over a truth

(2) Go beyond the routine to discover insights

TRAVEL >

Look at Turkish Airlines' New Lego Movie Safety Video (and a Few Others That Stand Out)

For flights when not everything is awesome.

By SPENCER DUTERRE | 10/15/2019



IMAGE Turkish Airlines

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4. Connection

These moments are powerful because they are shared with other people.

- (1) Breeding shared meanings
- (2) Embed ties
- (3) Make the moments matter



**How would you design a
Peak Moment into your
selected solution?**

CHECK-OUT

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**What's
something you
wish for this
community of
learners?**

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